





VI Eurasian Forum on Quality Assurance in Higher Education

«New Ways of Transforming Higher Education»

Short-Term Study Programmes: Flexible Trajectories for Higher Education

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Micro-credentials

Introduction



What?



Why?



How?











































Introduction

Based on Cirlan, E. (ENQA), Hungary. 2023



Demands on HE to adapt & change

- Policies & strategies (SDG)
- Responsibility to ensure quality provision and services
- **SCL**, **flexible**, interdisciplinarity
- Stronger engagement with society



QA supporting HEIs

- Standards and guidelines (ESG)
- QA Agencies and supranational structures (ENQA, EQAR)
- Flexible internal and external QA (respond to the needs and changes)



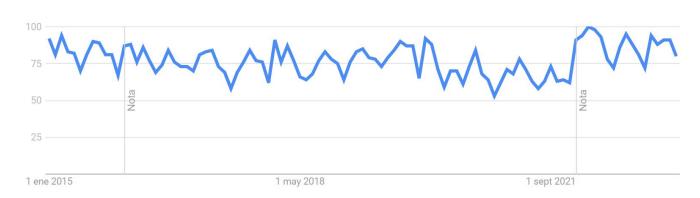
Trends - LLL



lifelong learning

Todo el mundo, 1/1/15 - 29/5/23





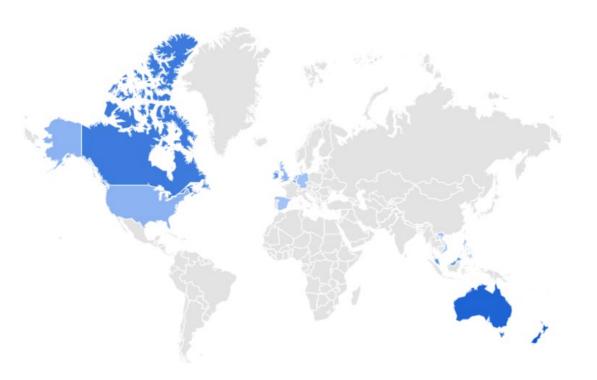


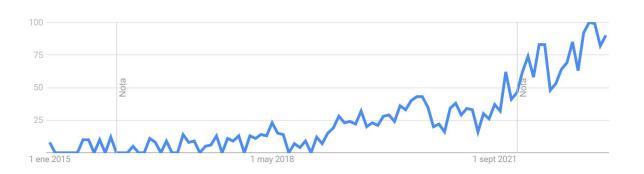
Trends – Micro-credentials



microcredentials

Todo el mundo, 1/1/15 - 29/5/23







Micro-credentials. Diversity



Micro-credentials



Do we want to organize them?

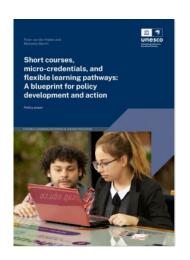








































- **Quality (internal / external QA)**
- **Transparency (ECTS, QF, Information)**
- Relevance (LO, labour market)
- Valid assessment
- Flexible learning pathways
- Recognition
- **Portability**
- Learner-centred
- **Authenticity**
- Information and guidance











- Professional qualifications in the occupation.
- Response to labour market needs.
 (Transition towards digitalization and green economy)
- Improvement of skills (workforce).
- Pathway between HE and professional system.





What?



Why?





Renewables energies



Automotive & sustainable mobility



- Strong applicability (occupational character)
- Level 6 and 7 of EQF
- ECTS: 4 30
- Recognition in official degrees
- Provider: HEI
- Quality assurance: ex-ante evaluation (programme level), but moving to institutional evaluation (IQAS)



Short learning programmes

VET



Vocational education & training



TIC

Rei

- 7 PCD
- 33 PCD x 9 HEI.
- 8 15 ECTS
- Level 6 EQF, except: "Data scientist" (level 7 EQF)



Renewables energies

- 8 PCD
- 6 PCD x 1 HEI.
- 6 13 ECTS
- Level 6 EQF, except:
 "Storage technologies" +
 "Businness plannin in energy transition" (level 7 EQF)



Automotive and sustainable mobility

- 8 PCD
- 0 PCD x HEI.
- 7 9 ECTS
- Level 6 EQF, except:
 "Advanced driver assistance systems (ADAS)" (level 7 EQF)





What?









Quality assurance



Trust, transparency and credibility



Fit for purpose



Enhancement vs. accountability

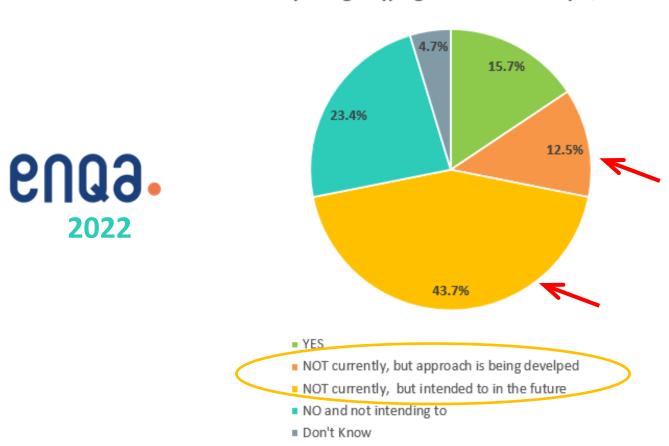


Simplicity

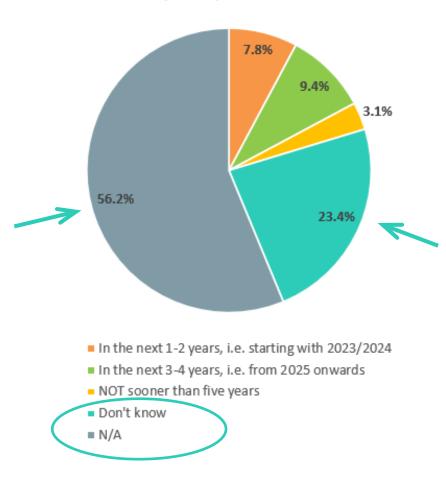


Huertas, E. and García, E. (ENQA, 2022)

C10. Does your agency/organisation currently QA MC?



C11. When do you expect to start QA of MC?









Geere A.; Provijn, D.; Hedbjörk, U.; Seppman, G. (ENQA, 2022)

"ESG [...] provide **guidance**, covering the areas which are vital for **successful quality provision and learning environments** in higher education".

[...] The term "programme" in these standards refers to higher education provision in its broadest sense, including provision that is **not part** of a programme leading to a formal degree."

GENERAL FINDINGS

- Reassurance for the quality of MCs is important
- How to gain reassurances can be contextdependent and will consider existing QA arrangements
- Capturing MCs in external quality assurance processes has benefits
- Tools for recognition must be in place
- Models for stackability must be developed
- Combination between online, blended and faceto-face modalities must be explored



Geere A.; Provijn, D.; Hedbjörk, U.; Seppman, G. (ENQA, 2022)

enga.

CONCLUSION

- Robust internal QA policy and processes crucial
- Programme level evaluation not encouraged
- Lifelong learning becomes more important to HEIs and should be made a topic in QA ('lifelong learning mainstreaming')
- MCs might develop the role of quality assurance agencies towards an even more supportive role beyond the assessment of compliance
- MCs might also develop the role of quality assurance agencies towards more cross-border and transnational activity



Geere A.; Provijn, D.; Hedbjörk, U.; Seppman, G. (ENQA, 2022)

enga.

FOR THE FUTURE...

- More thinking on integration of LLL
- More effort into models for recognition and stackability
- More consideration of dynamics between various types of providers
- (Maybe) more visionary approaches for quality assurance agencies

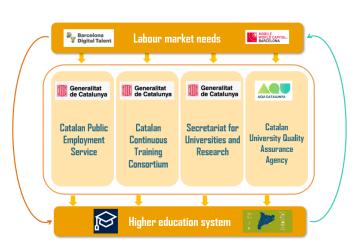
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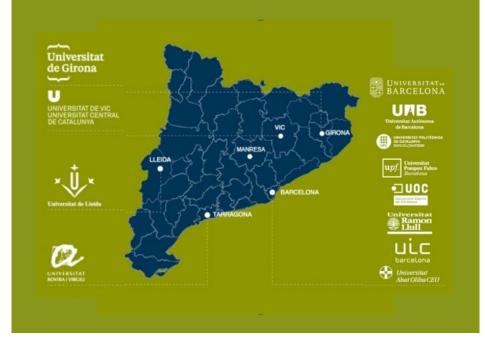








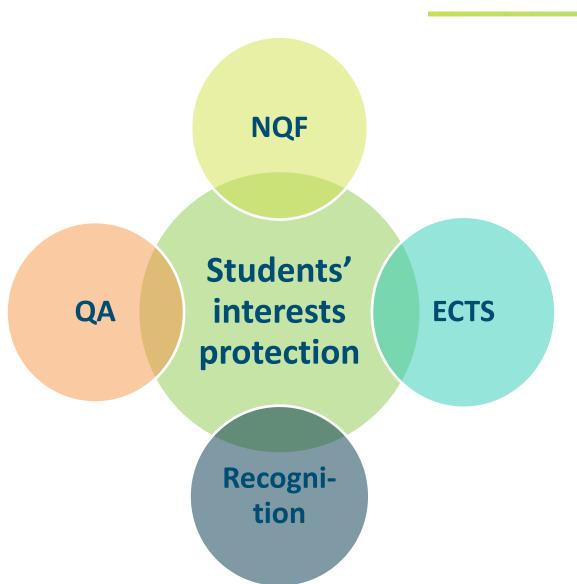








SLP – AQU Catalunya

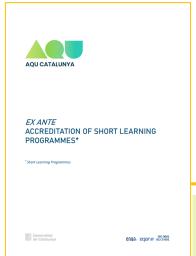


- Programme evaluation.
- Ex-ante evaluation.
- ESG
 - ESG 1.2 design & approval of programmes
 - ESG 1.3 SCL, teaching & assessment
 - ESG 1.5 Teaching staff





Sundards and Guidelines for Quality Assurance in the European Higher Education Area and European Higher Education Area and European Higher Education Area in the European Higher Education Area and European Higher Education Area and Education



SLP – AQU Catalunya. Assessment dimensions

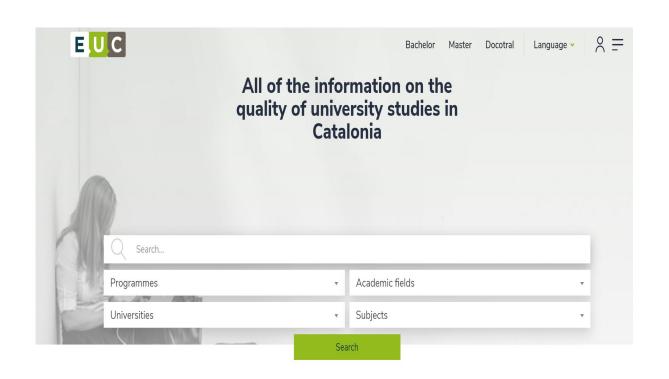
- Description of SLP: university, name of SLP, EQF level, relationship with the professional family, ECTS, mode of delivery, offer
- 2. Rationale: relevance of the program to labour market, and potential of the institution to deliver the programme
- 3. Aims and learning outcomes
- 4. Student access, admission & student support
- **5. Planning of SLP:** structure of the curriculum, modules, LO.
- 6. Teaching and support staff
- 7. Material resources and services
- 8. IQAS



https://www.aqu.cat/es/doc/Universitats/Metodologia/Guia-acreditacion-ex-ante-de-programas-de-corta-duracion-PCD

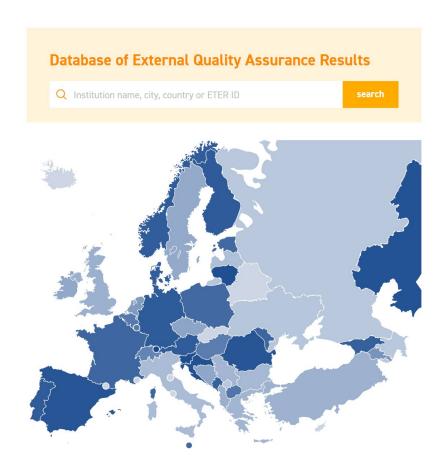


SLP – AQU Catalunya. Results











SLP – AQU Catalunya. Conclusions I



- High complexity in the management of requests (duplication of information; high bureaucracy).
- Lack of attention to the uniqueness of universities
- Problems in recruiting and completing students.
- Special attention to guarantee the NQF level.
- Workload associated to external review and the short period of time life of SLP, another strategy more focused on the IQAS.



SLP - AQU Catalunya. Conclusions II

- ✓ High commitment from universities.
- ✓ Pathway between HE and professional system.
- ✓ Be part of the vocational training programs subsidized by the public employment service.

But...

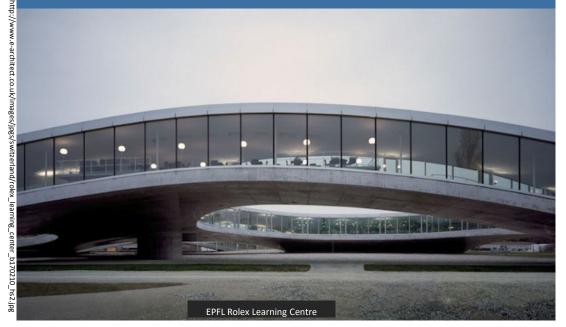
- Adjust and align the way of working between universities and employment services, making processes more flexible and recognizing the way of working of universities.
- Establish a common language.
- Simpler external review procedures.



The future....

The Universities of the future will be more open, transparent and flexible institutions. They will be better adapted to a constantly changing landscape.







(A. Teixeira, Barcelona – 2018)